

# A TRIBUTE TO STEPHEN FOSTER

**Stephen Foster, arr. Kees Vlak**

Grade / Moeilijkheidsgraad / Degré de difficulté /  
Schwierigkeitsgrad / Difficultà **3-4**

Duration / Tijdsduur / Durée / Dauer / Durata **5:55**

Recording on / Opname op / Enregistrement sur /  
Aufnahme auf / Registrazione su

**Tierolff for Band No. 18 "Traffic Circle"**

LMCD-12183

## Tierolff Muziekcentrale

### Concert Band

Full score	1
Flute 1	3
Flute 2 / Piccolo	3
Oboe	2
Bassoon	2
Eb Clarinet	1
Bb Clarinet 1	5
Bb Clarinet 2	5
Bb Clarinet 3	5
Bb Bass Clarinet	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 1	1
Eb Alto Saxophone 2	1
Bb Tenor Saxophone	2
Eb Baritone Saxophone	1
Bb Trumpet 1	2
Bb Trumpet 2	2
Bb Trumpet 3	2
F Horn 1	2
F Horn 2	1
C Trombone 1	2
C Trombone 2	2
C Trombone 3	2
C Euphonium	2
Bb Baritone treble clef	2
Bb Euphonium treble clef	2
C Bass 1-2	4
Percussion 1	3
Percussion 2	2
Timpani	1
Mallets	1

### S U P P L E M E N T A R Y P A R T S

Full score	1
Soprano Voice	5
Alto Voice	5
Tenor Voice	5
Baritone Voice	5
(only available as complete set!)	
Bb Soprano Saxophone	1
Bb Flugelhorn 1	1
Bb Flugelhorn 2	1
Eb Horn 1	2
Eb Horn 2	1
Bb Trombone 1 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 bass clef	1
Bb Trombone 1 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 2 treble clef	1
Bb Trombone 3 treble clef	1
Bb Euphonium bass clef	2
Eb Bass treble clef	2
Eb Bass bass clef	2
Bb Bass treble clef	2
Bb Bass bass clef	2

## A TRIBUTE TO STEPHEN FOSTER

English:

This fantasy on great Stephen Foster folksongs contains a selection of wonderful sentimental and cheerful melodies. Some were sung, some were danced to, and some were used to accompany rodeos. This medley can optionally be performed with choir.

Nederlands:

Een fantasie over folksongs van Stephen Foster, zoals die vroeger in Amerika gedanst en gezongen werden. Soms sentimenteel, soms vrolijk voor bij de rodeo's. Het werk kan optioneel met koor uitgevoerd worden.

Deutsch:

„A Tribute To Stephen Foster“ ist eine Fantasie über seine populärsten Melodien wie sie gerade in Amerika gesungen und getanzt wurden – oft sentimental, aber auch manchmal heiter und unbekümmert. Das Arrangement kann nach Belieben mit oder ohne Chor ausgeführt werden.

Français:

Une fantaisie sur des airs populaires de Stephen Foster tels qu'ils étaient chantés et dansés en Amérique. Parfois sentimentaux, parfois joyeux pour accompagner des rodéos. En option, le morceau peut être interprété avec chœur.

## KEES VLAK

Nederlands:

Componist Kees Vlak (geboren in 1938) studeerde trumpet en piano en daarna orkestdirectie en compositie aan het Conservatorium te Amsterdam. Vanaf zijn 15<sup>de</sup> werkte hij als freelance kopiist bij de Nederlandse Radio Unie (later NOS) en kreeg hierdoor de kans om professionele arrangementen te bestuderen. Later werd hij daar zelf arrangeur. In diverse orkesten speelde hij zowel symfonische als amusementsmuziek. Hij dirigeerde diverse blaasorkesten. Tot op dit moment heeft hij ± 450 werken gecomponeerd, zowel voor grootorkest als voor jeugdorkest. Ook schreef hij verschillende solowerken. Duidelijkheid in de muziek is voor Kees Vlak van groot belang – muziek moet altijd communiceren. Ter wille van de herkenbaarheid maakt hij daarbij graag gebruik van de muzikale kenmerken van landen. De eerste compositie die van Kees Vlak werd uitgegeven was het werk *Paso Cabaio*, wat in 1967 door Tierolff werd uitgegeven. Sinds het jaar 2000 geeft Kees Vlak weer actief werken uit bij Tierolff Muziekcentrale.



English:

Composer Kees Vlak (born 1938) studied trumpet and piano and afterwards orchestral conducting and composition at the Conservatory of Amsterdam. When he was 15 years, he started working as a freelance copyist at the Dutch Radio Union (which later became known as NOS) and here he got the opportunity to study professional arrangements. This was followed by becoming an arranger there himself. In various orchestras he played both symphonical as well as entertainment music. He conducted several wind bands. So far he has composed about 450 pieces, both for (full size) orchestras as well as young bands. Also he wrote various solo pieces. Clarity in music has always been of great importance to Kees Vlak – music is communication. Because of recognition purposes, he likes using musical characteristics of different countries. The first composition from Kees Vlak that was published was the piece *Paso Cabaio*, that was published by Tierolff in 1967. Since the year 2000 Kees Vlak has his new publications also being published by Tierolff Muziekcentrale.

Deutsch:

Der niederländische Komponist Kees Vlak (1938) studierte Trompete und Klavier und anschließend Orchesterdirektion am Musikkonservatorium von Amsterdam. Ab seinem 15. Lebensjahr arbeitete er als freier Kopist bei der Rundfunkanstalt „Nederlandse Radio Unie“ (später NOS) und bekam so die Möglichkeit, zahlreiche professionelle Arrangements zu studieren. Später wurde er selbst Arrangeur, weil er in verschiedenen sinfonischen Orchester sowie Unterhaltungsorchester spielte und auch mehrere Blasorchester dirigierte. Bis heute hat er über 450 Werke für Jugendorchester und für großes Blasorchester komponiert. Kees Vlak ist stets um eine klare musikalische Sprache bemüht, welche mit dem Publikum kommuniziert soll. Um der Erkennbarkeit willen verwendet Vlak oft musikalische Merkmale verschiedener Länder. Seine erste verlegte Komposition „Paso Cabaio“ wurde 1967 von Tierolff Muziekcentrale verlegt. Seit 2000 verlegt Kees Vlak wieder zahlreiche Werke bei Tierolff.

Français:

Le compositeur Kees Vlak (né en 1938) a d'abord étudié la Trompette et le Piano, puis la direction d'orchestre et la composition au Conservatoire d'Amsterdam. Dès l'âge de quinze ans, il travaille comme copiste free lance à la radio néerlandaise NRU (devenu plus tard NOS), ce qui lui permet d'étudier des arrangements professionnels. C'est ainsi qu'il devient lui-même arrangeur. Il joue dans plusieurs orchestres symphoniques, orchestres de variété et dirige quelques orchestres à vents. A ce jour, il a composé quelques 450 pièces, tant pour grand orchestre que pour orchestre junior, ainsi que plusieurs œuvres pour solistes. La clarté est impérative dans la musique de Kees Vlak, car la musique doit toujours communiquer avec les auditeurs ; pour la rendre plus facilement reconnaissable, il aime aussi utiliser des caractéristiques musicales typiques de différents pays. Sa première œuvre, "Paso Cabaio", fut

éditée en 1967 chez Tierolff. Depuis 2000, Kees Vlak publie à nouveau régulièrement ses compositions aux éditions Tierolff Muziekcentrale.

Italiano:

Il compositore Kees Vlak (nato nel 1938) studiò tromba e pianoforte, e successivamente direzione d'orchestra e composizione presso il Conservatorio di Amsterdam. A 15 anni, iniziò a lavorare come redattore freelance alla Unione Radiofonica Olandese (che in seguito divenne la NOS), dove gli si presentò l'opportunità di studiare arrangiamenti professionali. In seguito a ciò, divenne egli stesso arrangiatore. Suonò sia musica sinfonica che leggera in numerose orchestre e diresse molte orchestre di fiati. Ad oggi, ha composto circa 450 pezzi, sia per orchestra (al completo), sia per bande giovanili; ha scritto anche svariati pezzi per solisti. La chiarezza musicale è sempre stata un imperativo per Kees Vlak – la musica è comunicazione. Per scopi di identificazione, ama usare caratteristiche musicali di paesi diversi. La prima composizione di Kees Vlak ad essere pubblicata, fu il pezzo *Paso Cabaio*, a cura di Tierolff nel 1967. Dall'anno 2000, anche le sue nuove pubblicazioni sono curate da Tierolff Muziekcentrale.

# A TRIBUTE TO STEPHEN FOSTER

Stephen Foster  
arr. Kees Vlak  
a T° rubato

The musical score consists of 21 staves, each representing a different instrument or section of the band. The instruments listed from top to bottom are: Flute Piccolo, Oboe, Bassoon, Eb Clarinet, Bb Clarinet 1, Bb Clarinet 2-3, Bb Bass Clarinet, Eb Alto Saxophone 1-2, Bb Tenor Saxophone, Eb Baritone Saxophone, F Horn 1-2, Bb Trumpet 1, Bb Trumpet 2-3, Trombone 1, Trombone 2-3, Bb Baritone, C Euphonium, C Basses, Mallets, Timpani, Percussion 1 (Cymbal), and Percussion 2.

The score is divided into two main sections: "Maestoso" (measures 1-3) and "Molto string." (measures 4-6). The instrumentation changes significantly between these sections. In the "Maestoso" section, most instruments play eighth-note patterns. In the "Molto string." section, the focus shifts to the strings and woodwind sections, with dynamic markings such as *f*, *ff*, *fp*, and *p*.

Measure 1: All instruments play eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: *f*, *f*.

Measure 2: Dynamics: *f*, *f*.

Measure 3: Dynamics: *f*, *f*.

Measure 4: Dynamics: *fp*, *ff*, *ff*.

Measure 5: Dynamics: *ff*, *ff*.

Measure 6: Dynamics: *ff*, *ff*.

Allarg.

Grandioso

Fl. Picc.  
Ob.  
Bsn.  
Eb Clar.  
Clar. 1  
Clar. 2-3  
Bs. Clar.  
A. Sax. 1-2  
T. Sax.  
B. Sax.  
F Hn. 1-2  
Tpt. 1  
Tpt. 2-3  
Tbn. 1  
Tbn. 2-3  
Bb Bar.  
C Euph.  
C Bs.  
Mall.  
Timp.  
Perc. 1  
Perc. 2

String.  
Allarg.  
Grandioso  
- Picc.

7 8 9 10 11

**Andantino (not too slow)  $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 84$**

(Rall.)

Rit.

14

Fl. Picc.  
Ob.  
Bsn.  
Eb Clar.  
Clar. 1  
Clar. 2-3  
Bs. Clar.  
A. Sax. 1-2  
T. Sax.  
B. Sax.  
F Hn. 1-2  
Tpt. 1  
Tpt. 2-3  
Tbn. 1  
Tbn. 2-3  
Bb Bar.  
C Euph.  
C Bs.  
Mall.  
Timp.  
Perc. 1  
Perc. 2

(a T° rubato)

Picc. to Fl. 2

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Poco più mosso

22

p

mf espr.

p

p

p

p

con sord.

p

con sord.

p

mf espr.

mf espr.

p

△

p

This page contains a musical score for orchestra and percussion. The score includes parts for Flute Piccolo, Oboe, Bassoon, Eb Clarinet, Clarinet 1, Clarinet 2-3, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone 1-2, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, French Horn 1-2, Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2-3, Trombone 1, Trombone 2-3, Bassoon in B-flat, C Euphonium, Bass in C, Mallets, Timpani, and Percussion 1 & 2. The music is in 2/4 time, mostly in B-flat major. Measure 18 starts with a rubato section for Flute Piccolo, Oboe, Bassoon, Eb Clarinet, Clarinet 1, Clarinet 2-3, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone 1-2, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, and French Horn 1-2. Measures 19-21 show various entries from the brass and woodwind sections. Measure 22 begins with a dynamic change to piano (p) and includes dynamics for Bassoon, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, French Horn, and Trumpet. Measure 23 concludes with a dynamic change to forte (f).

(30) **Vivo**  $\text{♩} = 126$

(34) **Giocoso**

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Xylophone

Vibraslap

30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

*Leggiero*

*f*

*mf*

*f*

*f*

*mf*

*f*

*mf*

*f*

Wood Blocks

Gl. Sp.

*f*

*mf*

*f*

*f*

38            39            40            41            42            43            44

— A TRIBUTE TO STEPHEN FOSTER —

Fl. Picc. (50) - Picc. (leggiero)

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

A musical score page featuring 21 staves of music for various instruments. The instruments listed on the left are: Fl. Picc., Ob., Bsn., Eb Clar., Clar. 1, Clar. 2-3, Bs. Clar., A. Sax. 1-2, T. Sax., B. Sax., F Hn. 1-2, Tpt. 1, Tpt. 2-3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2-3, Bb Bar., C Euph., C Bs., Mall., Timp., Perc. 1, and Perc. 2. The score is in 2/4 time, with a key signature of one flat. Measure 52 starts with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 53 and 54 show various rhythmic patterns with dynamics *mf* and *f*. Measure 55 begins with a dynamic of *f*. Measures 56 and 57 continue with similar patterns. Measure 58, indicated by a circled number 58 at the top right, features a dynamic of *mf*. Measure 59 concludes the page with a dynamic of *f*.

$\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 56$  (rubato)  
Tranquillo (triste)

(82)

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Rit.

(86)

Tranquillo pastorale  
a T° rubato

Musical score page 14, featuring a grid of 21 staves for various instruments. The instruments listed from top to bottom are: Fl. Picc., Ob., Bsn., Eb Clar., Clar. 1, Clar. 2-3, Bs. Clar., A. Sax. 1-2, T. Sax., B. Sax., F Hn. 1-2, Tpt. 1, Tpt. 2-3, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2-3, Bb Bar., C Euph., C Bs., Mall., Timp., Perc. 1, and Perc. 2. The score includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *pic.*, *p sempre*, *con sord.*, and *mf*. Measures 88 through 93 are shown, with measure 90 containing a prominent melodic line for the Bassoon (Bsn.) and Eb Clarinet, and measure 91 featuring a rhythmic pattern for the Bassoon Baritone (Bb Bar.).

**(106) Allegro** ♩ = 126

+ Picc.

Fl. Picc. Ob. Bsn. Eb Clar. Clar. 1 Clar. 2-3 Bs. Clar. A. Sax. 1-2 T. Sax. B. Sax. F Hn. 1-2 Tpt. 1 Tpt. 2-3 Tbn. 1 Tbn. 2-3 Bb Bar. C Euph. C Bs. Mall. Timp. Perc. 1 Perc. 2

*mf* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *mp* *snare off* *mp*

106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113

(118)

A musical score for orchestra and band, page 18, featuring 21 staves of music. The instruments are grouped by section:

- Woodwinds:** Fl. Picc., Ob., Bsn.
- Clarinet Section:** Eb Clar., Clar. 1, Clar. 2-3, Bs. Clar.
- Saxophone Section:** A. Sax. 1-2, T. Sax., B. Sax.
- Horn Section:** F Hn. 1-2
- Trombones:** Tpt. 1, Tpt. 2-3
- Tubas:** Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2-3
- Bassoon Section:** Bb Bar., C Euph., C Bs.
- Mallet Percussion:** Mall., Timp.
- Drum Set:** Perc. 1, Perc. 2

Measure 118 begins with woodwind entries. Measures 119-121 feature rhythmic patterns from various sections, with dynamic markings like *mf* and *Gl. Sp.* (Glissando).

(126) *Tumultuoso*

A musical score for orchestra and percussion, page 19, section (126) *Tumultuoso*. The score includes parts for Flute Piccolo, Oboe, Bassoon, Eb Clarinet, Clarinet 1, Clarinets 2-3, Bass Clarinet, Alto Saxophone 1-2, Tenor Saxophone, Bass Saxophone, Flute/Horn 1-2, Trombone 1, Trombones 2-3, Bassoon 1, Bassoon 2-3, Bass Clarinet/Bassoon, C Euphonium, Bass Trombone, Mallets, Timpani, Percussion 1 (snare on), and Percussion 2. The score shows a dynamic range from *p* to *f*, with performance instructions like *sffz*, *mf*, and *Vibraslap*. Measures 122-125 show woodwind entries. Measure 126 begins with a tutti entry by the brass and woodwinds. Measures 127-129 feature rhythmic patterns on mallets and timpani.

(130) *Leggiero*

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

F Hn. 1-2

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2-3

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

Mall.

Timp.

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Fl. Picc.

Ob.

Bsn.

leggiero

Eb Clar.

Clar. 1

Clar. 2-3

Bs. Clar.

leggiero

A. Sax. 1-2

T. Sax.

B. Sax.

leggiero

F Hn. 1-2

leggiero

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2-3

Tbn. 1

leggiero

Tbn. 2-3

leggiero

Bb Bar.

C Euph.

C Bs.

leggiero

Mall.

Tim.

Perc. 1

W.B.I.

Perc. 2

leggiero

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

(146)

Fl. Picc. Ob. Bsn. Eb Clar. Clar. 1 Clar. 2-3 Bs. Clar. A. Sax. 1-2 T. Sax. B. Sax. F Hn. 1-2 Tpt. 1 Tpt. 2-3 Tbn. 1 Tbn. 2-3 Bb Bar. C Euph. C Bs. Mall. Timp. Perc. 1 Perc. 2

146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153

Vibraslap *sfz*